|  | Autumn 1 Autumn 2 | Spring 1 Spring 2 | Summer 1 Summer 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Key events linked to maths |  |  | SATs Y2 Multiplication test Y4 <br> SATs Y6 Enterprise week |
| Year 4 | The Romans | Ancient Mayans | Haworth |
|  | - Place Value <br> - Addition and subtraction <br> - Measurement - length and perimeter <br> - Multiplication and division | - Multiplication and division <br> - Measurement - area <br> - Fractions Decimals | - Decimals <br> - Measurement- Money <br> - Measurement- time <br> - Statistics <br> - Geometry: Properties of shape Geometry: Position and direction |
| N.C Coverage | Place Value <br> count in multiples of $6,7,9,25$ and 1000 <br> find 1000 more or less than a given number count backwards through zero to include negative numbers <br> recognise the place value of each digit in a fourdigit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) <br> order and compare numbers beyond 1000 <br> identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations <br> round any number to the nearest 10,100 or 1000 <br> solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers <br> Addition and subtraction <br> add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition | Roman Numerals <br> read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value. <br> Multiplication and division <br> recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$ <br> use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1 ; multiplying together three numbers <br> recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations <br> multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout <br> solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as $n$ | Decimals <br> recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths recognise and write decimal equivalents to $1 / 2,1 / 43 / 4$ round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. <br> Measurement- Money <br> estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence <br> Measurement- time <br> read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks <br> solve problems involving converting from hours to |

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objects are connected to m objects.

## Measurement - area

find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares
convert between different units of measure

## Fractions

recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions
count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.
solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number
add and subtract fractions with the same denominator
solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.

## Decimals

recognise and write decimal equivalents of number of tenths or hundredths
recognise and write decimal equivalents to $1 / 4.1 / 2$ and $3 / 4$
find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100 , identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths
solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal
minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months weeks to days.
convert between different units of measure

## Statistics

interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs.
solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.

## Geometry: Properties of shape

compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes
identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size
identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.

## Geometry: Position and direction

describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down
plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.

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