|  | Autumn 1 Autumn 2 | Spring 1 Spring 2 | Summer 1 Summer 2 |
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| Key events linked to maths |  |  | SATs Y2 Multiplication test Y4 <br> SATs Y6 Enterprise week |
| Year 5 | The Vikings | Kings and Queens | Earth and Space |
| White <br> Rose Maths <br> Units | - Place Value <br> - Addition \& Subtraction <br> - Perimeter <br> - Statistics <br> - Multiplication \& Division <br> - Area | - Multiplication \& Division <br> - Fractions <br> - Decimals \& Percentages | - Decimals <br> - Properties of Shape <br> - Position \& Direction <br> - Converting Units <br> - Volume |
| N.C Coverage | Place Value <br> read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000 interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest $10,100,1000,10000$ and 100000 <br> solve number problems and practical problems read Roman numerals to $1000(\mathrm{M})$ and recognise years written in Roman numerals. <br> Addition \& Subtraction <br> add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with | Multiplication \& Division <br> multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or twodigit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts <br> divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context <br> multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000 <br> solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign <br> solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. | Decimals <br> solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <br> Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure. <br> Properties of Shape <br> identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations <br> know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles <br> draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ) angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) other multiples of $90^{\circ}$ use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles <br> distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. |

increasingly large numbers
use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

## Perimeter

measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres

## Statistics

solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.

## Multiplication \& Division

identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers
know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non- prime) numbers establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ and cubed ( ${ }^{3}$ )
multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or twodigit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number
solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes

## Fractions

identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams

## Decimals \& Percentages

read and write decimal numbers as fractions recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{4}{5}$ and

## Position \& Direction

identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.

## Converting Units

convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)
understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
Solve problems involving converting between units of time

## Volume

estimate volume [for example, using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]

Year 5 Maths Curriculum

|  | using the formal written method of short division <br> and interpret remainders appropriately for the <br> context <br> multiply and divide whole numbers and those <br> involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 | those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of <br> 10 or 25. <br> Area calculate and compare the area of rectangles <br> (including squares), and including using standard <br> units, square centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ and square metres <br> $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ and estimate the area of irregular shapes |
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