

# Knowledge Organiser



#### **Topic:** India 5 Term: Spring Year: **Key Facts** Vocabulary Word Explanation a way of ordering people in Hindu society by caste importance and status Flag a vast group of countries or places ruled over by a empire monarch a mountain range running through India and other Himalayas countries in the Asian continent Language(s) Arabic to be ruled or governed by oneself, rather than by independence someone else Capital City New Delhi suffering from extreme hunger as a result of food malnutrition Rupee shortages Currency Religion(s) Hindu (80%), Muslim (13%), Others (7%) to divide something up into different parts partition Climate Mostly tropical climate an area of land that is mostly, but not all, surrounded peninsula by water a flat area of land, usually high above ground plateau being extremely poor and unable to afford the anes. poverty necessities for basic human survival a group of people living together society the different ways that landscapes are made up

terrain





### **Key Facts**

### **Physical Geography**

The terrain in India is extremely diverse, ranging from snow-capped mountain ranges to deserts, plains, hills and plateaus.

The Ganges river, which runs through India, is considered sacred to the Hindu people of India.

#### Human Geography

Almost two-thirds of India's population live in poverty.

As a result of this poverty, many people live in dilapidated housing and slums. This results in malnutrition, lack of education, and high infant mortality.

India is the second most populated country in the entire world (behind only China).

## Arts and Culture



India has its own film, music and dance industry known as Bollywood.

Society in India has long-since been divided into social castes. It determines who a person can marry, work for and talk to.

## Locational Knowledge



## History

The Mongol Empire started in India in the 1500's.

India was once controlled by the British Empire. Many Indians did not like this.

Uprisings and revolts against British rule started in 1856.

In 1947, Mahatma Gandhi successfully negotiated India's independence from British rule.

Most of India is formed around a peninsula

Amongst other countries, it shares borders with Bangladesh and Pakistan.

Pakistan and Bangladesh were partitioned from India in 1947.

India is in the northern hemisphere.

